

Mobile Technology's Role in Bridging the Gap Between Science and the Public for Environmental Futures

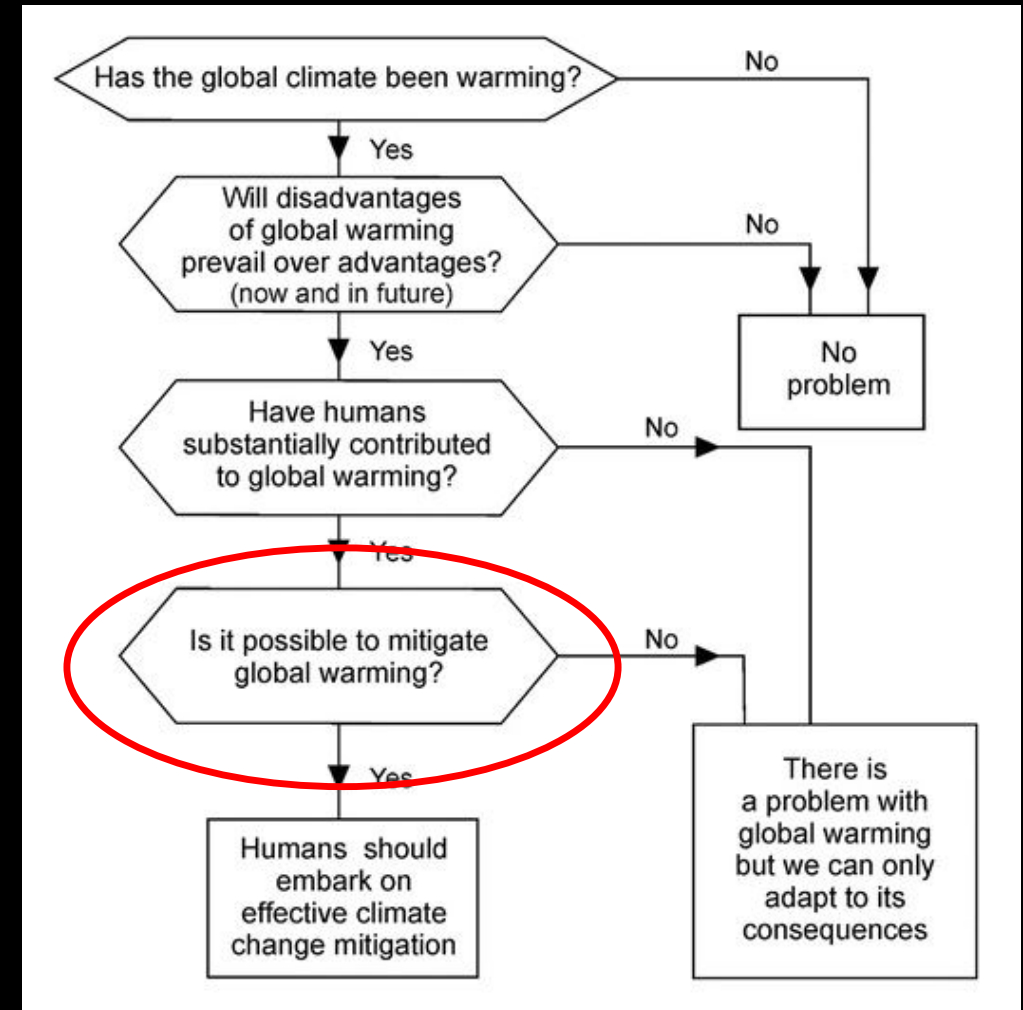
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Future Environmental Issues

- Heat Death
- Food deserts
- Climate Plagues
- Unbreathable Air
- Perpetual War
- Economic Collapse
- Poisoned Oceans
- Sea-Level Rise



...we will need a new way of thinking our collective existence...a new vision of who “we” are. We need a new humanism – a newly philosophical humanism, undergirded by renewed attention to the humanities.

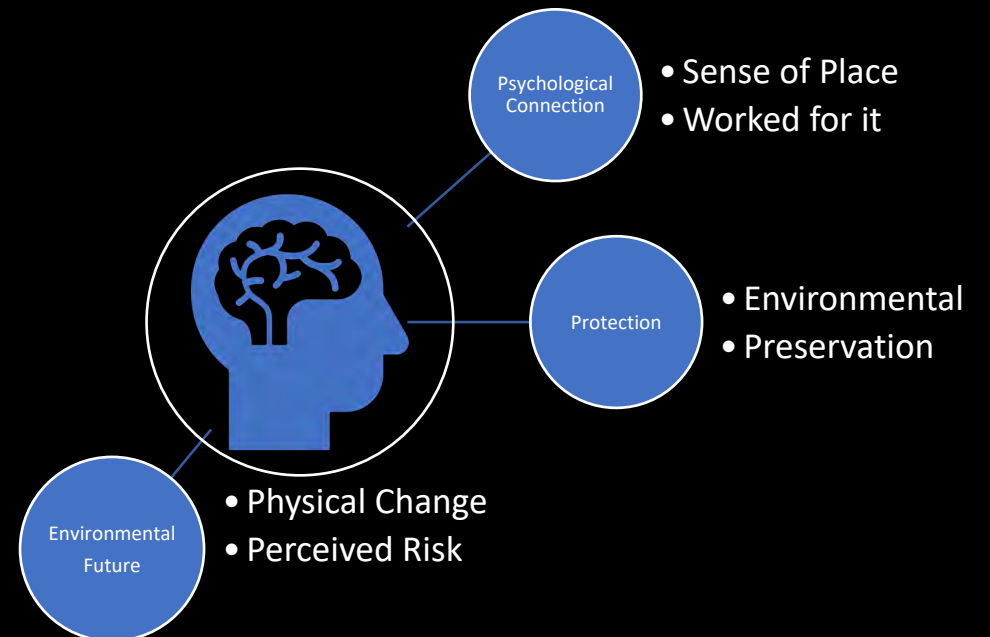
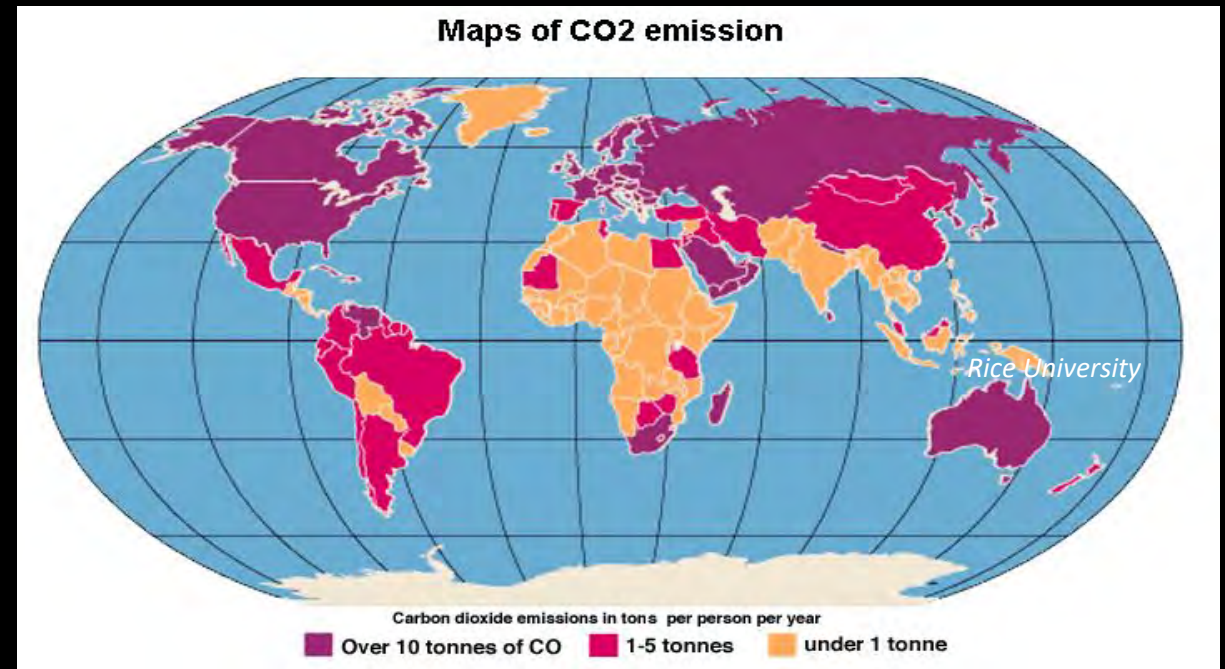
Scranton, Roy. 2015. *Learning to die in the Anthropocene : reflections on the end of a civilization*. San Francisco, CA: City Lights Books.

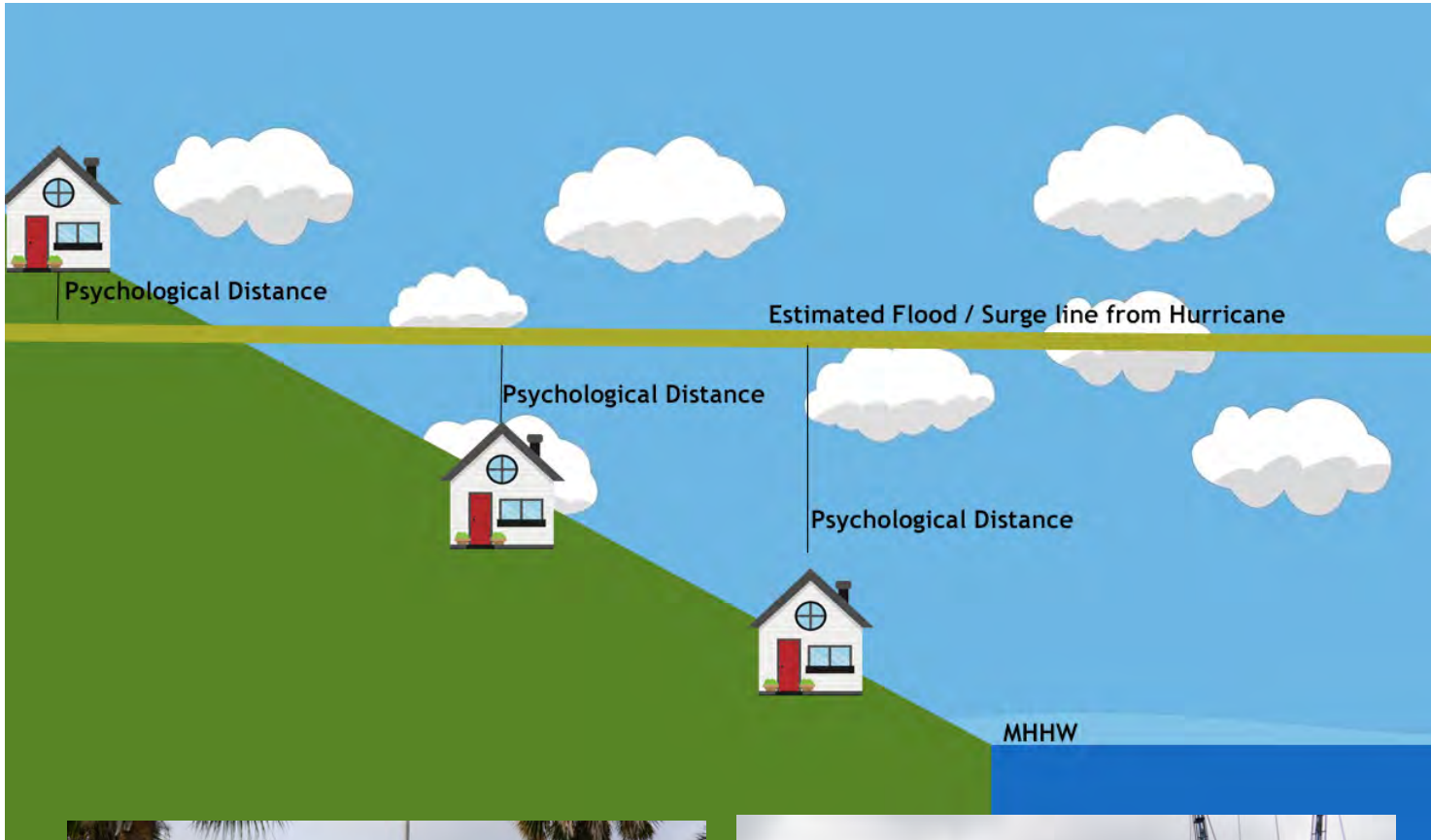
There is a need for more studies on the social basis for climate change asking why people hold the attitudes they do, rather than the dominant tendency to ask how to change attitudes and behavior.

Kaltenborn, Bjørn P., Olve Krange, and Torvald Tangeland. 2017. "Cultural resources and public trust shape attitudes toward climate change and preferred futures—A case study among the Norwegian public." *Futures* 89:1-13. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.futures.2017.04.005>.

Climate X -Immanent social and ecological struggles that are happening all over the world mainly led by [disadvantaged (non-expert) groups] can be radicalized and unite those disparate struggles so they can become a different way of organizing the world.

Wainwright, Joel, and Geoff Mann. 2018. *Climate leviathan : a political theory of our planetary future*. London: Verso.





The Gap

- Psychological Distance
- Physical Distance
- Cultural Capital
- Connection to Place
- “Don’t Believe”

Kaltenborn, Bjørn P., Olve Krange, and Torvald Tangeland. 2017. "Cultural resources and public trust shape attitudes toward climate change and preferred futures—A case study among the Norwegian public." Futures 89:1-13. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.futures.2017.04.005>

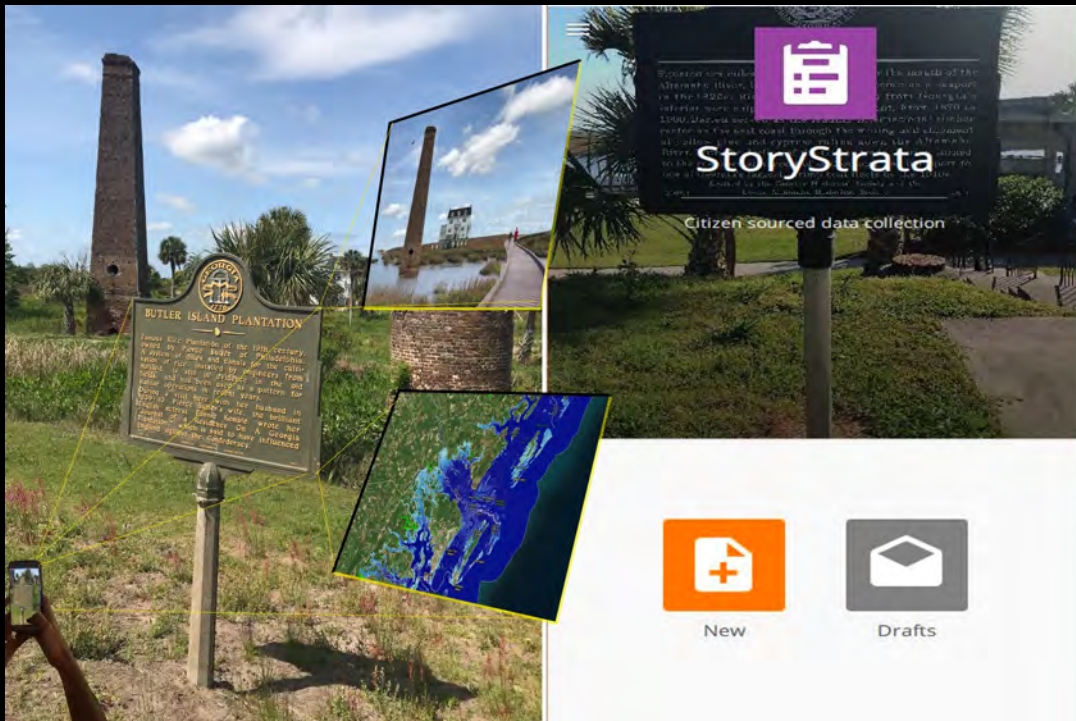
Milfont, Taciano L., Laurel Evans, Chris G. Sibley, Jan Ries, and Andrew Cunningham. 2014. "Proximity to Coast Is Linked to Climate Change Belief." PLOS ONE 9 (7):e103180. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0103180](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0103180).

Relph, Edward C. 1976. Place and Placelessness. London: Pion.

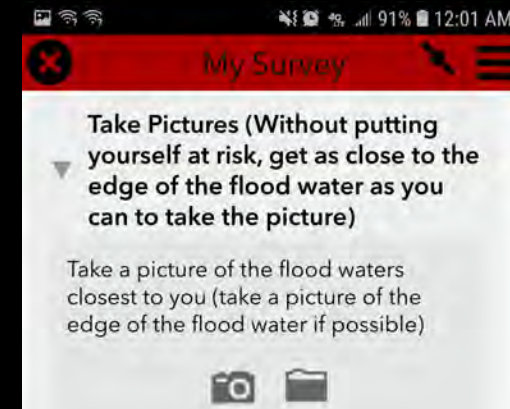


Two Mobile Applications

Coastal AR application
Qualitative



Flood Data Collection (ArcGIS)
Quantitative

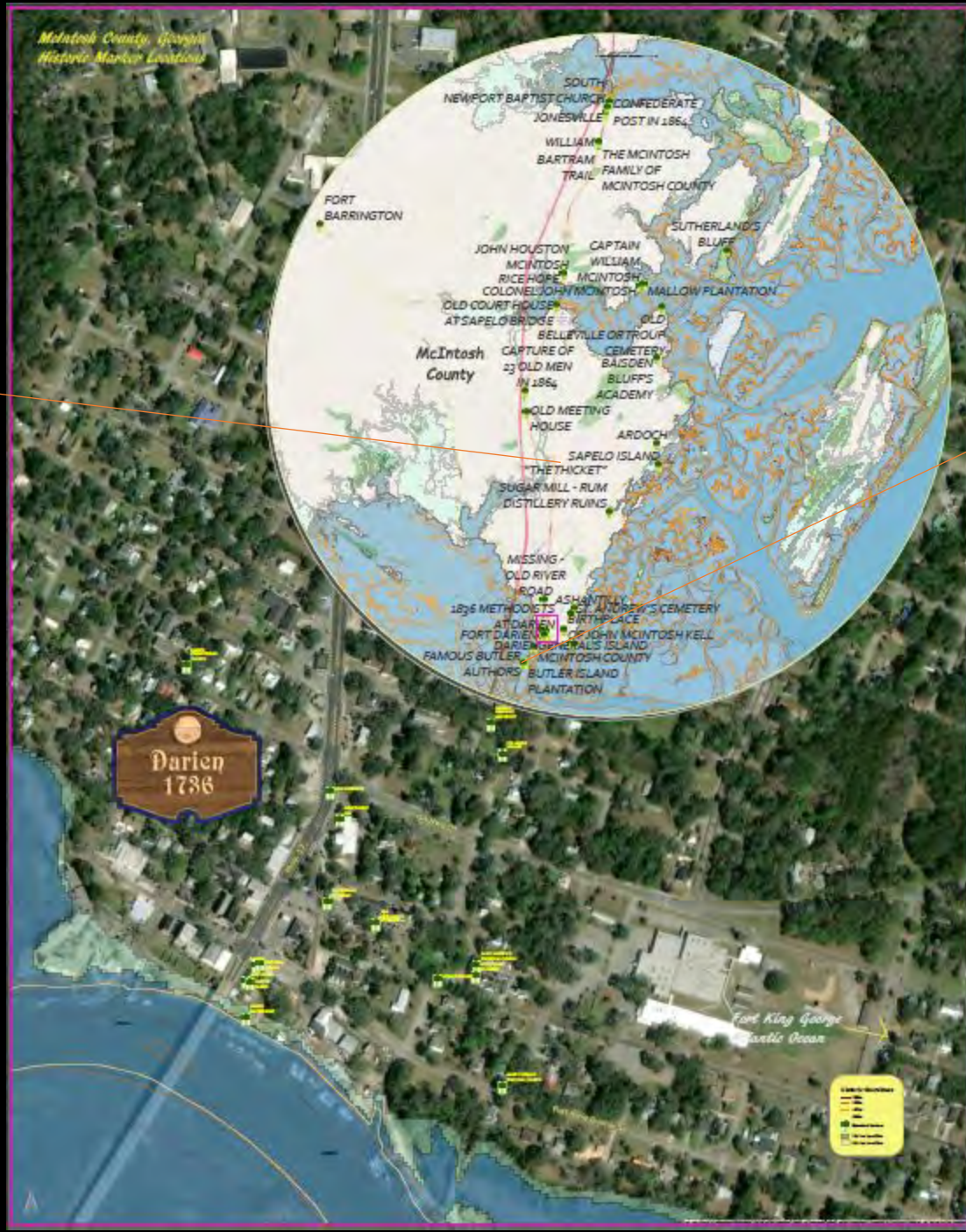


POKEMON GO IN REAL LIFE!

Press ESC to exit full screen

Darien

- Forts
- Ship Building/Supply
- Rice Cultivation
- Lumber
- Shrimp
- Tourism
- Jelly Ball



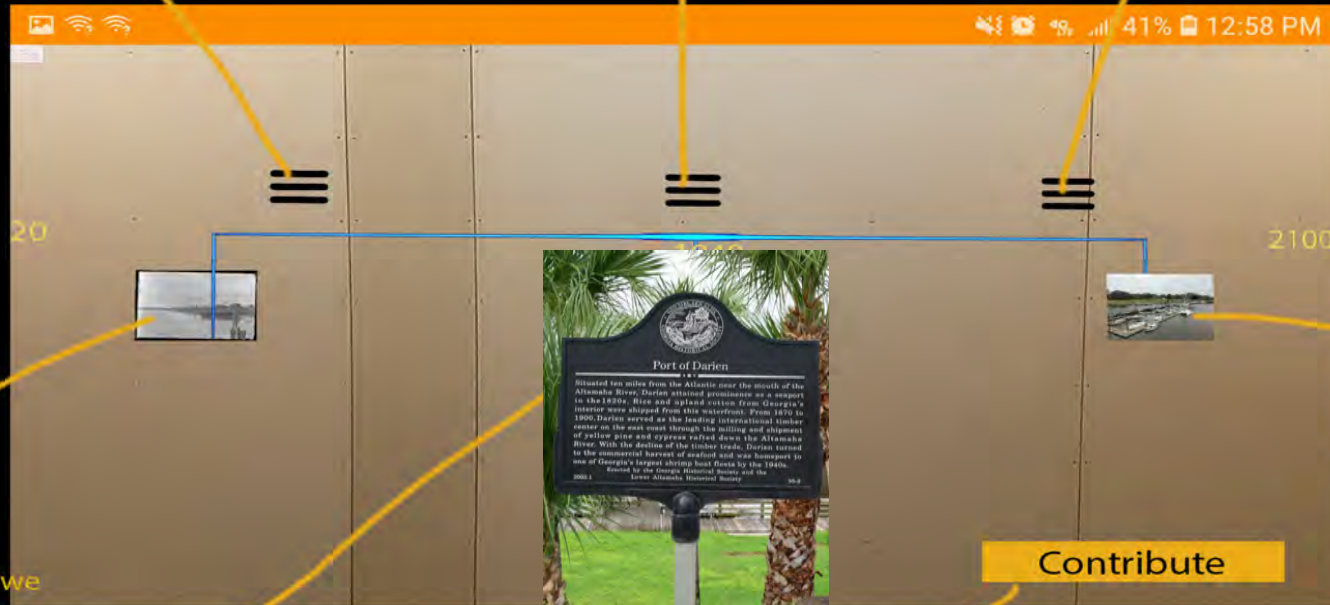
Content



This button should link to a list of user content about stuff in the past so other people can read/see/listen. This content can be pulled from the feature service

This button should link to a list of user content about stuff in the present so other people can read/see/listen. This content can be pulled from the feature service

This button should link to a list of user content regarding the outlook on the future so other people can read/see/listen. This content can be pulled from the feature service



This image should link to other historic images or website that we will implant in the code

This image should link to a full screen image (from our flickr) of the icon. It is a photo of our interpretation of this area in the future of sea-level rise

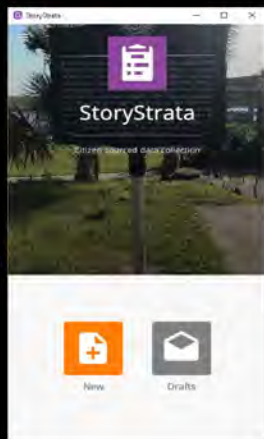
This will be the historic marker (currently a printout of the header from the marker)

This button will open the first page of the contribution component (from the Qt app or ArcGIS API) of the app that writes to the ArcGIS online Feature Service. discussed on the next page

This is a simple organization chart. The cosmetics, icons, and linked content will likely change before the final application is launched.

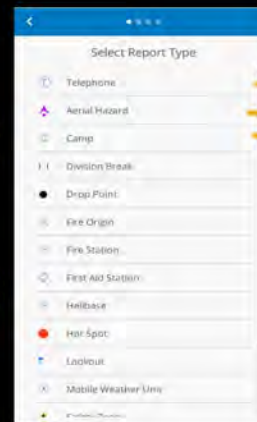
Contribute

The opening page when the user clicks 'contribute'. Asking for a new or a draft contribution. Here is where we will need to ask to use the GPS and ask what types of insights we are looking for.



These data collection pages came straight from the 'Quick Report' code from ArcGIS App Studio (the qml based Qt project in the google drive) so the code to write to the feature layer should be in there.

The second page asks what type of contribution is this? ex) past, present, future or) environment, history, or cutlural. We are still working this out although using past, prex, future will work with the timeline idea.



Past
Present
Future

Send to relative list on the AR timeline

The third page asks the user to put a pin on the map where the contributed insight has taken place. This should be optional in case they are talking about the sign they are standing at (in which case they don't need to mark it again) or they simply don't want to share the location.



The last page asks them to choose their contribution type - text, image, or audio. I think we should strongly encourage audio. THIS CONTENT CAN LATER BE DIRECTED TO A HUMANITIES REPOSITORY if we figure out where and how.



The ArcGIS online Feature Service REST link in the email i sent

Sea-Level Rise and Storm Frequency Increasing

“Scientists have determined that global sea level has been steadily rising since 1900 at a rate of at least 0.04 to 0.1 inches per year.”

NOAA,
<https://oceanservice.noaa.gov/facts/sealevelclimate.html>



“We find that a 2100 SLR of 0.9m places a land area projected to house 4.2 million people at risk of inundation, whereas 1.8m affects 13.1 million people—approximately two times larger than indicated by current populations.”

Hauer, Matt, Jason Evans, and Deepak Mishra. 2016.

Millions projected to be at risk from sea-level rise in the continental United States. Vol. 6

Seed, Stain, and Debris Lines



USGS Field Manual for Identifying and Preserving High-Water Mark Data

<https://stn.wim.usgs.gov/FEV/#MatthewOctober2016>





Gage Level

Gage Symbols

- Current Condition
- Forecast Peak Condition

Risk Ratings

- Normal
- Monitor
- Minor Flooding
- Moderate Flooding
- Major Flooding
- Not Risk Rated
- Out of Service

Trend

- ⬆️ Rising
- ⬇️ Falling
- ⬆️ Constant

Current Scenario Forecast

Tar River at Greenville

Last updated: Mar 1, 2019 at 1:00 PM | Gage datum: 3.0ft wveloc | Site ID: 02074000 | Owner: USGS

<p>Stage: 16.6 ft 18.1 ft wveloc</p> <p>Stream Elevation</p>	<p>21200 cfs</p> <p>Flow</p>	<p>Condition</p>	<p>Peak Stage: 17.1 ft 3/3 7:00 AM No Data Available</p> <p>Forecasted Peak</p>	<p>2 buildings damaged \$6,000</p> <p>Damage</p>	<p>Impact</p>
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Showing 2/0 Gages

Show All Gages



Sensor



Drone Imagery



GIS Hydro Analysis

Authoritative
Flood Modeling
– The remote/static
sensor



Non-Authoritative
Flood Validation and
Supplement
-The Social Sensor



Reported Damage



Where is this coffee shop? (tap the locator on the map multiple times to increase accuracy)
tap the locator icon multiple times.

33°57'N 83°22'W ± 59 m



Mississippi, *The Guardian*

Validation – “X% of crowdsourced flood locations fell within the inundation area of the model”

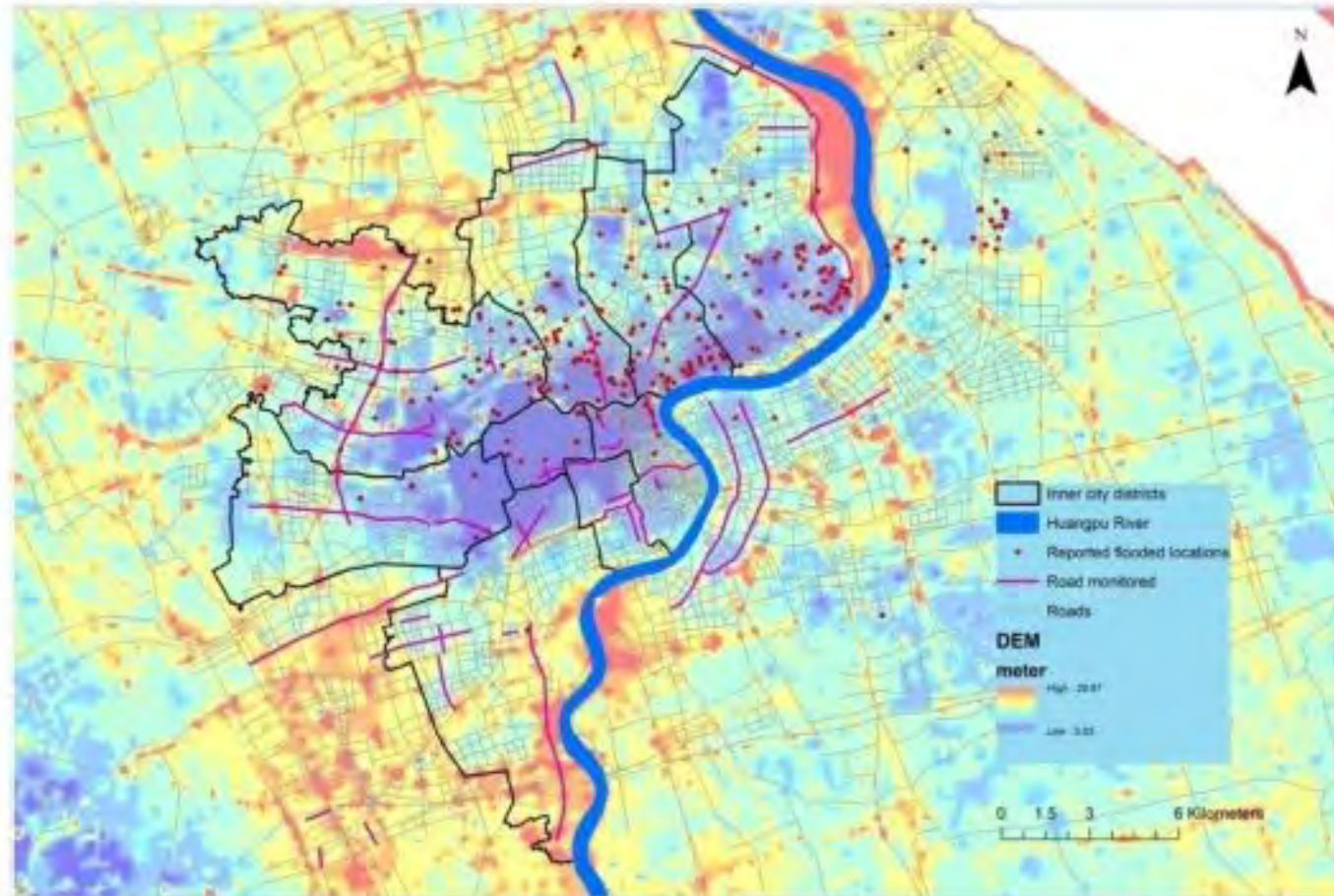


Figure 3. Roads where digital meters are installed by the government, and locations where local flood incidents were reported by the public during the 12 August 2011 event.

Yu, Dapeng, Jie Yin, and Min Liu. 2016. “Validating City-Scale Surface Water Flood Modelling Using Crowd-Sourced Data.” *Environmental Research Letters* 11 (12). <https://doi.org/10.1088/1748-9326/11/12/124011>.

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- Adam Spickard – Technoke Mobile Development
- Residents and Businesses of Darien, Georgia



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