The House Committee on Agriculture and Consumer Affairs offers the following substitute to SB 213:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Article 9 of Chapter 5 of Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the
2	"Flint River Drought Protection Act," so as to clarify legislative intent; to revise definitions;
3	to expand programs and provide for completion of new studies; to provide for additional
4	powers of the director; to provide for new irrigation efficiency requirements; to provide for
5	participation in augmented flow programs; to clarify compliance and enforcement provisions;
6	to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
8	SECTION 1.
9	Article 9 of Chapter 5 of Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Flint River
10	Drought Protection Act," is amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 12-5-541,
11	relating to legislative intent, as follows:
12	"(b) The General Assembly finds that the use of water resources for the state for
13	agricultural purposes is of vital importance to Georgia and southwest Georgia in particular;
14	the protection of <u>flows in</u> the Flint River flow <u>and its tributaries</u> is necessary for a healthy
15	riverine ecosystem and a healthy population of aquatic life; the use of water resources
16	during drought conditions may interfere with public and private rights; the economic
17	well-being of the State of Georgia is dependent on a strong and efficient agricultural
18	industry; the wise use of water, the protection of stream flow flows, and the economic
19	well-being of the state will be furthered by proper water allocation in periods of drought;
20	and a program providing programs to augment stream flows or provide incentives to ensure
21	that certain irrigated lands are temporarily not irrigated during severe droughts will
22	promote the wise use of water resources, the protection of stream flows, and the economic
23	well-being of the state."

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24	SECTION 2.
25	Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 12-5-542, relating to definitions
26	relative to Flint River drought protection, as follows:
27	"12-5-542.
28	As used in this article, except where otherwise specifically provided, the term:
29	(1) 'Acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream flow' flows' means the quantity of stream flows
30	at one or more specific locations on the Flint River or its tributaries which provides for
31	aquatic life protection and other needs as established by the director, based on municipal,
32	agricultural, industrial, and environmental needs. Such tributaries shall not include field
33	drainage systems, wet weather ditches, or any other water body:
34	(A) In which the channel is located above the ground-water table year round;
35	(B) For which runoff from precipitation is the primary source of water flow; and
36	(C) For which groundwater is not a source of water flow.
37	(2) 'Affected area' means that portion of the state lying within the Flint River basin and
38	areas where ground-water use from the Floridan aquifer can affect the stream flow flows
39	in the Flint River or its tributaries.
40	(2.1) 'Irrigation efficiency' means the percentage of the total amount of water withdrawn
41	from a source which is beneficially used to meet crop water requirements or for other
42	agronomic practices in accordance with applicable best management practices.
43	(3) 'Authority' means the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority created by Chapter
44	23 of Title 50.
45	(4) 'Board' means the Board of Natural Resources.
46	(5) 'Director' means the director of the Environmental Protection Division of the
47	Department of Natural Resources.
48	(6) 'Division' means the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural
49	Resources.
50	(7) 'Drought conditions' means any condition which results in a stream flow that is lower
51	than the acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream flow <u>flows</u> .
52	(8) 'Drought protection funds' means the funds held by the authority as provided in Code
53	Section 12-5-545 for the accomplishment of the purposes of this article.
54	(9) 'Flint River basin' means the area of land which drains into the Flint River or its
55	tributaries.
56	(10) 'Floridan aquifer' means those rocks and sediments described in United States
57	Geological Survey Open-File Report 95-321 (1996) that are capable of yielding ground
58	water to wells or discharging water into the Flint River or its tributaries.

- (11) 'Irrigated land' means farm land which is irrigated by ground water or surface water
 pursuant to a water withdrawal permit issued by the director pursuant to Code Section
 12-5-31 or 12-5-96.
 (12) 'Irrigation reduction auction' means the procedure established by subsection (b) of
- 63 Code Section 12-5-546 pursuant to which permittees submit offers to cease irrigation of
 64 a specified number of acres in exchange for a certain sum of money.
- (13) 'Permittee' means a person holding a valid permit issued before December 1, 2000,
 pursuant to Code Section 12-5-31 or 12-5-96.
- 67 (14) 'Stream flow' means the quantity of water passing a given location of the Flint River
- 68 <u>or its tributaries</u> over a given time period expressed in cubic feet per second."
- 69

SECTION 3.

70 Said article is further amended in Code Section 12-5-544, relating to powers of the director

of the Environmental Protection Division, by revising paragraph (2) and adding a newparagraph to read as follows:

- 73 "(2) Establish acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream flows at one or more locations;"
- 74 "(9.1) Conduct and participate in studies related to management of the water resources
 75 in the Flint River basin;"
- 76

SECTION 4.

Said article is further amended in Code Section 12-5-546, relating to drought predictions and
irrigation reduction auction, by revising subsections (a), (b), and (e) as follows:

79 "(a) On or before March 1 of each year, the division will may issue a prediction as to

80 whether severe drought conditions are expected during the year. <u>If the division predicts</u>

81 <u>a severe drought during any particular year, it shall issue such prediction before March 1</u>

82 <u>of that year.</u>

(b) If severe drought conditions are predicted or otherwise declared in accordance with 83 84 subsection (a) of this Code section, the division will may determine the total number of 85 acres of irrigated land, serviced by irrigation systems located within one or more of the affected areas, that must not be irrigated that year in order to maintain the acceptable Flint 86 River <u>basin</u> stream flow flows. Upon such determination, the division shall may conduct 87 88 an irrigation reduction auction whereby a permittee of an irrigation system located within 89 the affected areas is given an opportunity to enter into an agreement with the division, agreeing that in exchange for a certain sum of money per acre of irrigated land serviced by 90 91 the irrigation system, the permittee will not irrigate those particular acres for the remainder 92 of that calendar year. The authority shall pay the sum so agreed upon when so directed by 93 the director from the unexpended balance of the drought protection funds. In conducting

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the irrigation reduction auction, the division may establish a maximum dollar amount per
acre to be expended from the drought protection funds for such purposes."
"(e) The expenditure of funds under this article as an incentive to permittees not to irrigate

97 lands is deemed by the legislature as a valid use of state moneys to promote valid land use 98 policies that result in the protection of the riverine environment by ensuring that such lands 99 not be irrigated for specified periods of time. No expenditure of funds under this article 100 shall be considered <u>full or partial compensation for any losses</u>, financial or otherwise, 101 <u>experienced due to nonirrigation</u>; a lease or repurchase of any irrigation permit issued by

102 the director, nor shall it be considered<u>:</u> or an acknowledgment by the State of Georgia of

103 a property right in any permit issued by the director."

104	SECTION 5.
105	Said article is further amended by adding new Code sections to read as follows:
106	″ <u>12-5-546.1.</u>
107	On or before January 1, 2014, the division shall, as appropriate and in cooperation with
108	other state and federal agencies, universities, the Georgia Water Planning and Policy
109	Center, the Lower Flint-Ochlockonee Regional Water Council, and other appropriate
110	entities, undertake certain studies the results of which may be used to establish new and
111	revised rules and regulations pertaining to the management of the water resources in the
112	Flint River basin consistent with this article. Such studies shall include, but not be limited
113	<u>to:</u>
114	(1) Hydrologic studies to better characterize the response of surface- and ground-water
115	resources to water use, changes in the watershed, and drought management actions;
116	(2) Studies to develop flow targets or thresholds for the Flint River and selected
117	tributaries which include mechanisms for input from local users to incorporate social and
118	other values; and
119	(3) Studies to enhance baseline information related to irrigated acreage, agricultural
120	water use, and potential for adoption of technology to improve irrigation efficiency.
121	<u>12-5-546.2.</u>
122	(a) The Department of Agriculture and the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission
123	shall coordinate with the division in examining current practices, programs, policies, rules,
124	and regulations to identify opportunities to enhance programming and incentives that will:
125	(1) Support implementation of the agricultural water efficiency measures in water
126	conservation or management plans prepared in accordance with Code Sections 12-5-31,
127	<u>12-5-96, and 12-5-522;</u>

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128	(2) Support implementation of pilot projects demonstrating the efficacy of emerging
129	innovative irrigation technologies where appropriate and affordable;
130	(3) Identify ways the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission's program for
131	measuring agricultural uses of water as authorized under Code Section 12-5-105 can
132	further enhance efforts to improve agricultural water use efficiency; and
133	(4) Encourage a scheduled program for the voluntary retirement of unused surface-water
134	and ground-water farm use permits in accordance with Code Sections 12-5-31 and
135	<u>12-5-105.</u>
136	(b) The director may modify all active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits
137	for farm use in the affected area to require all irrigation systems applying water withdrawn
138	pursuant to such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 80 percent or greater by the
139	year 2020. The schedule for achieving the irrigation efficiencies provided in this
140	subsection shall be as follows:
141	(1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
142	after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1,
143	<u>2016;</u>
144	(2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
145	from 1991 through 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by
146	January 1, 2018; and
146 147	January 1, 2018; and (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
147	(3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
147 148	(3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1,
147 148 149	(3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020.
147 148 149 150	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified
147 148 149 150 151	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area
147 148 149 150 151 152	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under
147 148 149 150 151 152 153	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020.
147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. The schedule for achieving such efficiencies shall be as follows:
 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
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147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1, 2016;
 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. The schedule for achieving such efficiencies shall be as follows: (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1, 2016; (2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. The schedule for achieving such efficiencies shall be as follows: (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1, 2016; (2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued from 1991 through 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by
 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 	 (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1, 2020. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected area to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year 2020. The schedule for achieving such efficiencies shall be as follows: (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1, 2016; (2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued from 1991 through 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1, 2018; and

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164	(d) Notwithstanding the irrigation efficiency rates required in subsection (c) of this Code
165	section or any other provision of this Code section to the contrary, the minimum irrigation
166	efficiency rate for mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers applying
167	water withdrawn pursuant to new permits shall be 60 percent.
168	(e) When issuing any permit application for a new surface-water or ground-water
169	withdrawal for farm use in the affected area, the division shall require that the irrigation
170	system applying water withdrawn pursuant to any such permit has an irrigation efficiency
171	of at least 80 percent.
172	(f) The division shall, in cooperation with other state and federal agencies, universities, the
173	Georgia Water Planning and Policy Center, the Lower Flint-Ochlockonee Regional Water
174	Council, and other appropriate entities, provide to the board for consideration for adoption
175	in its rules requirements pertaining to methods an applicant may utilize to demonstrate that
176	the required irrigation efficiency has been achieved. Requirements shall consider current
177	technologies, best management practices, and the effects of soil type and topography,
178	among other factors deemed necessary.
179	(g) The division shall coordinate with any federal or state agencies offering incentive
180	programs that support the purposes of this article, to identify opportunities to refine and
181	target relevant programs as practicable and to assist permittees with achieving irrigation
182	efficiency requirements.
183	<u>12-5-546.3.</u>
184	(a) As used in this Code section, 'permittee' means any person holding a valid permit
185	issued pursuant to Code Section 12-5-31.
186	(b) The state or any department, agency, or institution of the state may fund or invest in
187	projects to augment stream flows in a portion or portions of the Flint River basin. All
188	permittees with active surface-water withdrawal permits in the affected area downstream
189	of a project specifically authorized to augment stream flows which the state has funded
190	shall, in accordance with the board's rules and upon notification from the director, let the
191	flow provided by the augmentation project pass their point of withdrawal.
192	(c) Such notification shall, at a minimum, inform the permittees that the upstream project
193	is delivering augmented flows and the water provided by the project is not available for
194	withdrawal.
195	(d) The director's notification shall contain notice of opportunity for a hearing and shall
196	be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the most recent address provided
197	by the permittee. Any permittee to whom such notification is directed shall comply
198	therewith immediately, but shall be afforded a hearing within five business days of the

199 director's receipt of a petition filed by such permittee. Based upon findings adduced at

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200	such hearing, the notification shall be modified, reversed, or continued by the director as
201	he or she deems appropriate.
202	(e) In preparing such notification, the director may consider:
203	(1) The best available modeling and monitoring data for relevant locations and stream
204	reaches;
205	(2) The appropriate duration of protection of augmented flows:
206	(3) The distance downstream for which protection of augmented flows is appropriate;
207	(4) The degree to which protection of augmented flows will assist in mitigating the
208	effects of droughts, provide ecological or other environmental benefits, and ensure
209	sustainable, long-term access to water resources for existing and future water users; and
210	(5) Any other data or information the director deems relevant."
211	SECTION 6.
212	Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 12-5-549, relating to compliance
213	and violations, as follows:
214	"12-5-549.
215	(a) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, whenever
216	the director has reason to believe that a violation of any provision of this article or any rule
217	or regulation adopted pursuant to this article has occurred, he or she shall attempt to obtain
218	compliance therewith by conference, conciliation, or persuasion, if the making of such an
219	attempt is appropriate under the circumstances. If he or she fails to obtain compliance in
220	this manner, the director may order the violator to take whatever corrective action the
221	director deems necessary in order to obtain such compliance within a period of time to be
222	prescribed in such order.
223	(b) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, any order
224	issued by the director under this article shall become final unless the person or persons
225	named therein file with the director a written request for a hearing within 30 days after such
226	order or permit is served on such person or persons.
227	(c) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, hearings
228	on contested matters and judicial review of final orders and other enforcement actions
229	under this article shall be provided and conducted in accordance with subsection (c) of
230	Code Section 12-2-2.
231	(d) The director may file in the superior court of the county wherein the person under order
232	resides, or if the person is a corporation, in the county wherein the corporation maintains
233	its principal place of business, or in the county wherein the violation occurred or in which
234	jurisdiction is appropriate, a certified copy of a final order of the director unappealed from
235	or a final order of the director affirmed upon appeal, whereupon the court shall render
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judgment in accordance therewith and notify the parties. Such judgment shall have the
same effect, and all proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be the same, as though
the judgment had been rendered in an action duly heard and determined by such court.

(e) For purposes of this Code section, a violation of an agreement entered into in
accordance with Code Section 12-5-546 or an order issued by the director in accordance
with Code Section 12-5-547 shall be prima facie established upon a showing that:

(1) During the effective period of the agreement or order, the irrigation system wasobserved in person or via remote sensing or otherwise established by representatives of

the division or others to have been operating and disbursing water; or

245 (2) During the effective period of the agreement or order, a seal, lock, or other device

placed by the division on the system to prevent operation of the system has been brokenor otherwise tampered with."

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SECTION 7.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.